All praise be to Allāh Who created us and revealed the Holy Quroān, which is a source of advice, balm, light, guidance and mercy for those who have faith. Peace and blessings be upon the Seal of the Prophets, Muḥammad h, the best of creation, the illuminator of hearts and the mercy to all the worlds. Peace be upon the pure people of his house, his loyal companions, his sincere followers and their followers and upon us.

The Prophet said, "The best among you are those who learn the Quro and teach it." Ṣaḥīḥ of al-Bukḥārī (6:21:545)

This first edition of the entire text of the Tajwīdī Qur³ān is the completion of our ongoing work of the transliteration into Latin characters and the transfer into an approximate meaning in American English of the Words of Allāh contained in the Qur³ān.

Alḥamdulillāh, after many years of work we now have available all seven houses of the Qur³ān in 8.5x11 inch editions as well as the convenient 5.5x8.5 inch editions of Yā Sīīn, Ṭā Ha, Maryam, ar-Raḥmān, al-Wāqiʿāh, al-Fatḥ, al-Mulk and al-Muzzammil as well as the Juz³ ʿAmma.

This work is not sponsored or paid for by any government or anonymous charitable society; rather, it is sponsored by individuals and local Islamic groups who are interested in directly and personally aiding in this process of transliteration and explanation of the Most Generous Qur³ān by their own efforts or through their own ḥalāl wealth.

If you want to help put copies of this and other editions into the hands of Muslims whose mother tongue is English, or who were educated by means of the English language and have thus lost their ability to decipher Arabic through another language (e.g. Urdu, Farsi or Öthmāni), or if you are interested in joining in *sadaqah jāriyah* and assuring your self of a trust that will survive your death, then we invite you to help sponsor this process of propagating the Qur³ān.

In this context please note our address at the bottom of the next column if you would like further information.

We have tried our utmost to produce a transliteration which is error free. However we know that inevitably there will be errors, especially in a first edition such as this.

If you find errors or if you have comments and suggestions, please note them and contact us at the address below.

We have rationalized some of our methods of transliteration so that the reader will, "in sḥāā 'Allāh, find a greater over-all consistency throughout the text as well as a greater ease in reading than in our earlier work.

These changes were necessary because the various systems of transliteration which we had been using were not altogether adequate to convey the subtle nuances of Quroānic orthography, and it is our hope, bioidhnillāh, that we have arrived at a more faithful rendering into Latin characters of the original hand-written Arabic text.

As we mentioned in our original notes, what we are aiming for is, at best, an approximation of the meaning and sound in Arabic.

Having said this, we should also immediately say that this is, of course, an utter impossibility as the only real possibility for the serious student and lover of Quroan is to learn Arabic, and specifically to learn to read the Quroan in accordance with the rules of tajwīd from a fully qualified teacher.

However, from the response we have gotten since we produced the first edition of the Seventh House, we know that, *alḥamdu-lillāh*, many people have found this work helpful in their attempts to read the Qur³ān.

We also know that it has proven useful in a variety of circumstances, including weekend schools, prisons, Quroan circles (halaqāt) with a mixed company of Arabic and non-Arabic readers, and by individual students.

With all of this in heart and mind we hope that you, the reader, will find some benefit in this and we ask that, 'inshallāh, you will remember us in your prayers.

Sincere thanks to all the faithful servants and lovers of the Qur'ān for their active and generous help in this work.

Special thanks as always to my wife, Ḥajjah Noura, for her careful and ceaseless help.

To report errors or to contact us, please write: an-Noor Educational Foundation, 536 Pantops Center No. 129, Virginia 22911, or e-mail: and@an-noor.net

We ask your duca for success.

wa-s-salāmun 'alaykum, Sh. A. N. Durkee

After we had finished the first complete edition in 2000, mentioned on the previous page, we sent it out to a select group of Arabic scholars, speakers and readers as well as a representative cross-section of Muslim readers for further review and correction, an exhaustive process that has taken us another three years.

Such review is of the utmost necessity in order to root out any mistakes or misinterpretations, so that the meanings are as close as possible to what Allāh has actually said, bearing in mind that every attempt at translation will inevitably be deficient.

Simultaneously the transliteration has been reviewed and minutely corrected seven more times in order that the transliteration mirror the Arabic text as accurately as possible.

Having said this I am sure, since only Allāh is perfect, that readers may find still more errors. Please contact us if you do at either of the addresses mentioned earlier.

With the permission of Allāh , we intend to continue producing the larger 8.5x11 inch edition juz' by juz' (sipāra by sipāra) as well as the convenient 5.5x8.5 inch special editions mentioned on the preceeding page.

We are also working on a CD edition in PDF format which can be read on any computer and also printed out. An on-line edition will be available, 'in sḥāā 'Allāh, in the future at www.an-noor.org. Please contact us for further information at and@an-noor.net.

* Our Deepest Thanks *

A work of this scope cannot be accomplished by a single person, and since from the beginning we were resolved not to turn to any government or charity for help, we have turned to individuals and small local groups of Muslims at every level in every phase of our work over the past nine years. Some have helped more than others, but together all have made it possible, by Allāh, to bring this Tajwīdī Qur'ān to the reader.

Accordingly, and in alphabetical order, we would like to thank all of the following and ask the reader to offer a *Fātihah* for them:

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May Allāh beless and reward them and their families with the best of blessings in this world and the next.

Amīn

In the Name of Allah, The Mercy Full, Bestower of Mercy. Thanks be to Allah and Peace and Blessings be upon our liege-lord Muhammad, the Unlettered Messenger and Seal of the Prophets.

I am writing this in Alexandria, Ægypt, some eighteen years after disembarking in the Red Sea port of Jeddah off a long haul freighter out of Detroit in the Hijri year 1396. I had then two abiding intentions.

My first intention (niyyah) was, 'inshallah, to fulfill, along with my wife, the Visit ('umrah) to the Ancient House, and if possible to stay and perform the Pilgrimage [hajj] a month or so later.

My second intention was, by permission of Alläh, to learn to recite the Qur'an.

The original command sent by Allâh to His Messenger, Muhammad, blessings of Allâh and peace be upon him, via the Angel Jibril, peace be upon him, was 'Iqrā', meaning Read! or Recite! The import of this was not lost on me for, after three years as a 'new' Muslim, it was clear to me that unless I could learn to 'read' I would be forever dependent on secondary sources and translations for my knowledge and understanding of 'Islâm.

Allah granted us the blessings of both the 'umrah and the hajj and added to those blessings the use of a house in Makkah just up the hill from the Ancient House and an opportunity to study at the recently founded Arabic Language Centre in the Makkan College of Religious Law (kulliatu-sh-shar7ah).

Alhamdulillâh, I learned the rudiments of Arabic but although I studied at the centre for three years, I was still unable to recite the Qur'ân as I so deeply desired. It was not that there was a lack of teachers at the Centre but the environment was just not conducive and the teachers in the Masjid al-Haram sadly had no experience in teaching an English speaking Muslim, though there were special classes for those with mother tongues such as Bahasa, Urdû, Turkic, Malay, Farsi – the other major 'Islamic' languages.

I was greatly aided at this time by finding a book in English by Prof. S. Muḥammad Tufayl of Woking, England, which set out in an understandable manner, the exact rules for the recital {tajwid} of Quran. I was also blessed to find in the Indo-Pakistani book sūq of Makkah, a copy of the Holy Quran transliterated into Roman characters by M. Abdu-l-Halim Eliasi of Hyderabad. It was also in Makkah that I was given a copy of Tajwidi Quran published in 1391 Hijri by Mawlana Dhafar Iqbal of Lahore. Over the years this has proved to be a great blessing especially when used in conjunction with Dr. Muqri Husayni's work, Sahl Tajwid {Easy Tajwid}.

With these books in hand and by listening carefully to the very best readers {qāri in} on tape and radio I began slowly to teach myself step by step to recite the Quran in accord with the canons of tajwid.

Years passed in this way with my learning a little here and a little there but in truth I never really learned to recite correctly. I, however, persisted as I knew, on so many levels, that tajwid was a vital key to true understanding. In the winter of 1410, I found myself living in the old city of Alexandria where I was working on the translation of some Shadhdhuli texts. One day I asked a friend if he knew anyone in the city who might teach us tajwid.

He did — and one soft rainy afternoon an 'Azhari shaykh of tajwid, 'Ustadh Mahmüd M. al-'Azāzī, came to our house. When he was settled with some tea he asked me to read for him and I had recited about half of Sūrah Yā Sīīin before he stopped me.

"We must," he said, "begin from the beginning." When I asked him where that was, he replied,

"The Angel Jibril, peace be upon him, taught the Prophet, blessings of Alläh and peace be upon him, to read directly from his mouth to his ear; from his heart to his heart. This is the only way to learn. I read, you listen. You read, I listen and correct. You read again and again I correct until all is correct."

I have now spent four years with the Shaykh and I have no doubt that he is right.

At the same time however I often receive messages and letters from friends in the West asking me for advice. They lament that they are unable to 'read' and unable to find anyone to teach them.

From my own stays in the West I know that there are very few qualified teachers to be found. Although Shaykh Mahmud is without any doubt correct in saying that the teaching and learning of Qur'an is an oral transmission both at heart and in essence, nevertheless there is a need for learning aids.

One day on the train to Cairo I was inspired to begin work on producing a book for those seeking to learn tajwid. Inshallah through a combination of exacting transliteration, the special calligraphy of Mawlana Dhafar Iqbal's edition of the mushaf, and easily available audio tapes of the qariim, it might be possible to at least get the basics right.

What you now hold in your hands is, I pray, the first installment, in the form of the last seventh of the Qur'an, combining the calligraphy, the transliteration and a 'sketch' of the meaning which, because one does not work in a vacuum, owes much to the earlier work of Muhammad M. Pickthall, A. Yusüf'Ali, Muhammad Assad, and A. J. Arberry, among others, who sought to give readers in English some idea of the meanings contained within the Qur'an.

My main effort however is not to 'sketch' meaning but rather it is to transliterate text. This, I believe, can serve as an aid to actually learning tajwid. Here I am indebted to M. 'Abdu-I-Ḥalim Eliasi and S. Muḥammad Tufayl for opening up this area to me.

The work of Mawlana Dhafar 'Iqbāl is of inestimable value to the non-Arabic reader seeking to learn tajwid. His graphic synthesis is a major clarification for the learner even if the calligraphy is not as elegantly proportioned as that of the Azhar edition prepared under the patronage of King Fu'ad.

I am forever grateful to Shaykh 'Ibrahim al-Battawi of al-'Azhar, my teacher in shari'ah, tariqah and haqiqah; a patient and consistent Guide on the Way. I also thank Ahmad al-Husayn, Muhammad Munir, Ahmad Şalâh of Alexandria and Seyyed Nidhāmud-ddin Ahmad of Lucknow for their help in corrections. Lastly I must thank my wife, Hajjah Noura, and my family who are, after Allâh, my greatest support.

from one who is poor before his Lord and constantly enriched by His Blessings:

Abdulläh Nüru-d-din Durkee

14 April 1994 — Alexandria — 03 Dhu-l-Hijj 1414

بسم أنه الرحمن الرحيم ، الحمد نه والحسلاة والسبلام على سيننا محمد الرسول الأمي وخاتم النبين .

اكتب هذا من الإسكندرية في مصر بعد حوالي ثمانية عشر عام من رحيني النية الأولى كانت القيام أنا وزوجتى إن شاء الت باداء العمرة للبيت العتبق والإقامة حتى أداء الحج بعد شهر منذلك.

- اول امر ارسله الله إلى نبيه محمد ﷺ عن طريق الملك جبريل عليه السلام هو - اقسرا - ولم يغب عني أهمية ذلك بعد اسلامي بشلات سنوات كان واضحاً لي أنه بعدم استطاعتي القراءة ساكون معتمداً إلى الابد على مصادر ثانوية وترجمات لحصدولي على المعلومات والفهم عن الإسلام وهذا هو هدني الثاني بإنن من الله لاتعلم واجود القسران . اكرمنا الله بالهدفين العمرة والحج وزاد من عطائه إقامتنا في بيت على هضبة في مكة المكرمة قريباً من البيت العنيق والفرصة للدراسة في مركز اللغة العربية في جامعة مكة كلية الشريعة .

العمد لل تعلمت مبادى اللغة العربية ودرست في المركز لمدة شلات سنوات ولكني لم استطيع تلقي القرآن كما كنت التمنى ولم يكن السبب قلسة المدرسين في المركسسز ولكن لم يساعدنى الجو المحيط عل ذلك.

والمدرسين في المسجد الحرام لسلاسف لم يكن لديهم خبرة في تعليم المسلمين المتكلمين باللغة الانجليسزية رغم وجسود فصول خاصة لتعليم غير الناطقين بالعربية مثل: البهاسا - الاوردو - التركية - والمالاوي - والمارس ولفات اخسرى لدول إسلامية .

وكان لي عون كبير وجود كتاب باللغة الانجليزية للاستاذ محمد طفيل من واكينج في انجلترا كتب بطريقة مفهومة تماما قواعد تجويد القرآن.

وقد اكرمني الله ايضاً عندما وجدت في سوق الكتب الهندية سالباكستانية نسخة للقرآن مترجمة بالحروف اللاتينية محمد عبد العليم الياس من حيدر آباد وفي مكة اهديت نسخة من تجويد القرآن نشر في سنة ١٣٩١ هجري لمولانا ظفر إقبال من لاهور. وعبر السنوات تبين في أنه ذو نفع كبير خصوصاً عنداستخدامه مع كتاب د. المقرى سيد كليم لله حسيني (سسهل التجويد).

- ولوجود هذه الكتب تحت يدى واستماعي لاحسن القراء في شرائط تسجيل ، والإناعة باهتمام كبير بدات تعلم قسراءة القرآن حسب قوانين التجويد بنفسي وببطء خطوة بخطوة .

مرت السنين بهذه الطريقة اتعلم قليـلاً من هنا وقليلاً من هنا وقليلاً من هناك ولكن في الحقيقة لم أتعلم قط القراءة الصحيحة ومع ذلك ثابرت على التعلم لعلمي أن على جميع المستويات فالتجويد هو المفتاح الحيوي للفهم الصحيح للقرآن .

في شتاء ١٤١٠ وجدت نفسي أعيش في صدينة الإسكندرية العربقة وأعمل بترجمة بعض المراجع الشاذلية ، وطلبت من صديق في أن يساعدني في إيجاد من يعلمني التجويد . حضر إلى بيتنا شيخ التجويد استاذ أزهري صحمود العزازي وبعد تناوله قليل من الشماي سالني أن أقسرا له بعنض القرآن ، فقسرات ما يقرب من نصف سورة يس قبل أن يستوقفني قائلاً : يجب أن

نبدا من البداية ، قلت له من أين تلك البداية : قال من حيث أن جبريل عليه السلام علم النبي ﷺ القراءة مباشرة من فم جبريل إلى انن السرسول ﷺ ومن القلب إلى القلب هسنه هي الطريقة الوحيدة للتعلم ، سوف اقرأ وأنت تستمع ، ثم تقرأ واستمع أنا لك وأصحح وسوف تقرأ صراراً وساظل أصحح حتى تكون كل القراءة صحيحة .

والآن قضيت ٤ سنوات مع الشيخ ولاشك عندي أنه على حق.

كنت كثيراً منا أتلقى خطابات ورسائل من أصدقاء لي لي الغرب يسائون النصيحة وهم يرثون عدم استطاعتهم القراءة وذلك لعدم قدرتهم على الوصول لمن يعلمهم ذلك. وأنا أعلم من إقامتي هنالك أنه يوجد عدد قليل جداً من المدرسين القادرين على تلك المهمة. وصدق قول الشيخ محمود أن تعليم القرآن هناك هنو نقل شفوي إلى القلب والجوهسر معاً. ومع ذلك هناك ضرورة لاستخدام أداة تعليمية مساعدة.

ن يوم أثناء سفري إلى القاهرة في القطار ألهمت البدء في وضع كتاب لمن يبحث عن تعلم التجويد، وظننت أنه يمكن على الاقل وضع الاسس الصحيحة للتجويد وذلك من خلال الجمع بين خط مولانا ظفر إقبال في المصحف وكتبابة المصحف بالحروف اللاتينية وبعض شرائط التسجيل المتاحة للقراء - إن شاء الله.

وبين يسديك الآن الجزء الاول من الكتباب وهسو الاجسزاء السبعة الاخبرة مسن القرآن بتركيبها مسن الخط العربي والخط اللاتيني، مجمل المعاني باللغة الانجليزية ولاتي أعمل من فراغ فهي حديثة للاعمال السابقة من أعمال محمد بيكتال يوسف على ، محمد اسد ، وأرج أربيري ، وغيرهم من الذين حاولوا أعطاء قارشي الانجليزية فكرة عن المعاني .

لم يكن جهدي الأكبر في أن أحدد المساني بقدر ما كسان المجهود في إيجاد نص بالحروف اللاتينية . وهذا على ما أعتقد يستطيع أن يخدم من يتعلم التجويد وهذا أنا مدين محمد عبد الحليم الياس ومحمد طفيل لفتحهم هذا المجال لي .

أن عمل مولانا ظفر إقبال ذو قيمة كبيرة لهؤلاء النين لا يقرؤون العمريية والنين يبحشون عن تعلم التجويد وتحليله البياني هو تموضيح أساسي للتعليم حتى لمو لم يكن الخط في اناقة ما كتب في نسخة الازهر تحت رعاية الملك فؤاد .

اشعر بالامتنان إلى الأبيد للشيخ إبراهيم البطاوي من الازهبر ومعلمي في الشريعة والطبريقة الحقيقة وهو المرشيد المتمكن الصبور في الطريق.

قدم في يعض الأصدقاء مساندة كبيرة في التصحيح وهم صديقي أحمد الحسين ومحمد منير ، وسبيد نشام الدين أحمد صلاح .

واخيراً أود أن أشكر زوجتي الحاجة نبورا وعائلتي الذين كانوا نعم السند والعون في بعد أن سبحانه وتعالى .

من الفقير إلى الله والمفعور برحمته دائماً عبد الله نور الدين دركي مصر ـالإسكندرية ـ٣ ذي الججة ١٤١٤ هجرية